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## Annotated Bibliography APA (1).docx

 Assignment

 Class

 University

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16,789 Characters



## 0% detected as AI

The percentage indicates the combined amount of likely AI-generated text as well as likely AI-generated text that was also likely AI-paraphrased.

**Caution: Review required.**

It is essential to understand the limitations of AI detection before making decisions about a student's work. We encourage you to learn more about Turnitin's AI detection capabilities before using the tool.

### Detection Groups

-  **1 AI-generated only 0%**  
Likely AI-generated text from a large-language model.
-  **2 AI-generated text that was AI-paraphrased 0%**  
Likely AI-generated text that was likely revised using an AI-paraphrase tool or word spinner.

#### Disclaimer

Our AI writing assessment is designed to help educators identify text that might be prepared by a generative AI tool. Our AI writing assessment may not always be accurate (it may misidentify writing that is likely AI generated as AI generated and AI paraphrased or likely AI generated and AI paraphrased writing as only AI generated) so it should not be used as the sole basis for adverse actions against a student. It takes further scrutiny and human judgment in conjunction with an organization's application of its specific academic policies to determine whether any academic misconduct has occurred.

### Frequently Asked Questions

#### How should I interpret Turnitin's AI writing percentage and false positives?

The percentage shown in the AI writing report is the amount of qualifying text within the submission that Turnitin's AI writing detection model determines was either likely AI-generated text from a large-language model or likely AI-generated text that was likely revised using an AI-paraphrase tool or word spinner.

False positives (incorrectly flagging human-written text as AI-generated) are a possibility in AI models.

AI detection scores under 20%, which we do not surface in new reports, have a higher likelihood of false positives. To reduce the likelihood of misinterpretation, no score or highlights are attributed and are indicated with an asterisk in the report (\*%).

The AI writing percentage should not be the sole basis to determine whether misconduct has occurred. The reviewer/instructor should use the percentage as a means to start a formative conversation with their student and/or use it to examine the submitted assignment in accordance with their school's policies.

#### What does 'qualifying text' mean?

Our model only processes qualifying text in the form of long-form writing. Long-form writing means individual sentences contained in paragraphs that make up a longer piece of written work, such as an essay, a dissertation, or an article, etc. Qualifying text that has been determined to be likely AI-generated will be highlighted in cyan in the submission, and likely AI-generated and then likely AI-paraphrased will be highlighted purple.

Non-qualifying text, such as bullet points, annotated bibliographies, etc., will not be processed and can create disparity between the submission highlights and the percentage shown.



# Annotated Bibliography APA

Preparation of annotated bibliography is a useful and significant scholarly endeavor which aids the scholar and the students in assessing and categorizing their sources. It offers creditabilities and identifies the sources with brief annotation and critical assessment of its applicability, reliability and uncommunicativeness. Learning about the parts of an annotated bibliography can further one's comprehension of a subject and his/her method of writing.

## Bibliography

A bibliography is a list of sources that the writer used as reference documents to his or her work. Common elements are the author, title, publisher, and date of publication among others. Often, this list is placed at the end of the research paper so that readers can find all the necessary information concerning every source. The purpose of the literature review is to acknowledge the previous work done by other researchers, establish the credibility of the current research, and to provide a direction for further research.

## Annotation

Annotation defines a short note or comment provided to each source in bibliographical list. It gives a brief indication of what the source is about, it relates this source to the topic under study and also gives credit of the advantages and weaknesses of that source. The annotations must help readers grasp the purpose and significance of the source for the research. Such additional information helps in evaluating the reliability and relevance of the particular sources in the context of the research.

### **An annotated bibliography typically consists of four key parts:**

1. **Citation:** This part shall present the complete information about the source, including the citation that have to be done in the preferred citation format (e. g. APA, MLA, Chicago). It contains all the important information that includes the name of the author, the title of the work, date of publication and/or issue, the publisher, and any other important information.
2. **Summary:** This section give a general overview of what is contained in the source. It presents the major points, issues, and conclusions of the research. The summary should therefore enable the readers to understand what the source is about and the central theme of the source.
3. **Evaluation:** In this case, the author of the annotated bibliography provides some critique of the source. Such an assessment may involve the evaluation of the source's credibility, reliability, and scholarly significance. It looks at the merits and demerits of the

work, the soundness of the arguments presented, the quality of the research that went into the study, and the relation of this work with other works in the same area of study.

4. **Reflection:** This part calls for the annotator to provide a self-identified relevance and applicability of the source to the annotator's research or study. It explains how the source helps in understanding the topic, any revelation made, and how the source can be of benefit to them. This contributes to situate the source in the framework of the annotator's research.

Thus, these four elements in combination give a scholarly and informative entry for the annotated bibliography that not only provides the citation but also the critical evaluation of the source used.

In APA format, an annotated bibliography entry might look like this:

***Bibliography:***

Green, L. (2020). *The impact of digital technology on modern education*. Sage Publications.

***Annotation:***

*Green's work can be considered as one of the most profound overviews of the modern educational process and the use of digital technology in it, where the author examines features such as online classes and learning applications. Specific examples are provided through examples of the practical application and results of these technologies in the context of the education process, described in the book. The implications of digital technology are well understood in Green's study since the work incorporates a blend of qualitative and quantitative research data.*

*Looking at the reality presented by the author, it is possible to consider the consequences of educational oppression and inequality and demonstrate how technology helps reduce their impact. However, the strengths and weaknesses are well described; nevertheless, there could be presented the detailed information about the strategic actions for sustainability and non-existence of the digital divide's overheating. All in all, one can conclude that this source is useful for assessing the impact of technology on learning practices and its capacity to address the attainment gaps.*

## Difference between Annotated Bibliography and Abstract

Annotated bibliographies and abstracts may seem to be very similar instruments for the purpose of academic research but they are not. This paper can therefore be useful in helping scholars grasp those dissimilarities for efficient use of the two in scholarly work.

### Annotated Bibliography

An annotated bibliography is a list of sources used in the research process, presented in the form of bibliographic citations, or references, and a brief note, known as the annotation, which describes and/or assesses the cited source. The main components of an annotated bibliography include: The main components of an annotated bibliography include:

1. **Citation:** Complete information about the source including the citation in the desired citation format (e.g. APA, MLA).
2. **Annotation:** Some of the general information that is usually included in the summary and evaluation of the source may include:
  - A brief explanation of the source and its topic and subject.
  - This aspect concerns the relation of the source to the research topic.
  - The excellent and poor aspects of the source.
  - Any special aspects or findings of the source in relation to the discipline.

An annotated bibliography serves the function of offering a summary of the literature on a given subject to make sure that the existing literature is coherently understood by the researcher.

## Abstract

An abstract is a brief representation of a research paper, thesis, review or any other academic document. It is the summary of the conclusions and contributes made in the course of the work. The key elements of an abstract include:

1. **Objective:** A brief of the objective and the area of study of the research.
2. **Methods:** An explanation of the research methods or strategy that has been adopted in the study.
3. **Results:** The main conclusions or outcomes of the research in a brief form.
4. **Conclusion:** The conclusion or the implications/relevance of the study.

Specifically, abstracts are used at the beginning of research papers and academic articles to help the readers understand the general details of the article and whether they are interested in reading through the entire paper. While annotations, contain critical judgments of the source material, abstracts do not contain evaluations.

## Key Differences

- **Purpose:**
  - **Annotated Bibliography:** Outlines and assesses the each of the sources that were employed in the research process.
  - **Abstract:** Gives brief and focused information on the general information of one research document.
- **Content:**
  - **Annotated Bibliography:** These are an abstract as well as an assessment of each source used.

- **Abstract:** Provides only the basic information of the study without including the findings.
- **Placement:**
  - **Annotated Bibliography:** Usually comes out as a distinct part of the research project or paper, most frequently the last one.
  - **Abstract:** Usually sits at the introduction of a research paper or an article.

Differentiating between annotated bibliographies and abstracts can help scholars leverage annotated bibliographies for identifying and assessing sources and abstracts for presenting the findings of one's own study to the target audience.

## Types of Annotated Bibliography

These bibliographies are classified depending on the functions of annotations and the type of bibliography. The two major classes of report are Informative or Descriptive and Critical or Analytical. Each type is useful for a different purpose and will present different data about the source.

### 1. Descriptive (Informative) Annotations

Descriptive annotations give general information about the source content without providing a sentiment on it. They only do effectively summarize the key points or concepts, logics and results articulated in the source. The reader is introduced to the overall focus and scope of the source as a result of this.

#### Example:

**Doe, J. L. (2018). *The role of sustainable agriculture in combating climate change*. *Environmental Science & Policy*, 96, 58-66.**

*This article seeks to discuss the part played by sustainable agriculture in combating climate change while giving more details of several farming methods. In this article, Doe looks at crop rotation, agroforestry, and organic farming and their efficiency in reducing greenhouse gases. This paper aims to exploit these sustainable measures that can be used in minimizing the carbon footprint of agriculture and improving the sustainability status of the environment.*

*Doe's analysis is based on a profound analysis of the literature, where strengths and weaknesses of both approaches are described in details. The article contains the information about the difficulties of the methods application and possible consequences. Thus, it is a useful source of information on how various approaches to agriculture can be used to combat climate change. This source is very relevant to researchers and professionals in the environment science and policy, especially for those who are looking for strategies on how to apply sustainability to agriculture.*

## 2. Analytical (Critical) Annotations

In analytical annotations, as opposed to the descriptive ones, the purpose is not only to describe what the source is about, but also to determine if it is useful, reliable, and of high quality. Such annotations involve, among others, an evaluation of the relevance of the source, its advantages and disadvantages, the role the source plays in the given area of knowledge, and its relevance to the investigating study.

### Example:

**Doe, J. L. (2018). *The role of sustainable agriculture in combating climate change*. *Environmental Science & Policy*, 96, 58-66.**

*In this article, Doe makes a critical analysis on the possibility of using sustainable agriculture as a way of reducing the effects of climate change. Doe gives detail on things such as sustainable farming practices including crop rotation, agro forestry and organic farming insisting that these are effective in managing greenhouse gases. This paper is relevant for the following reasons; firstly, it presents a cross-cutting framework that incorporates agriculture in the fight against climate change. Nonetheless, the article provides a vast amount of qualitative data; thus, the arguments would have been buttressed with more quantitative data. Also, the discussion would have been more helpful if there were more examples and scenarios that depict the actual application of the suggested solutions. In sum, this source is highly useful for comprehending how sustainable agriculture can support climate change mitigation.*

## APA Guidelines For Annotated Bibliography

Creating an annotated bibliography in APA format involves following specific guidelines for both the citations and the annotations. Here's a concise guide:

### 1. Title

- Name your document "Annotated Bibliography."
- Preset the title to be aligned at the middle of the page.
- Bolded

### 2. Formatting the Citation

- Author(s): Give the last name of the author first, followed by a comma, then the author's first initial, a period, middle initial if any. List all authors' names and separate them with commas; however, use an ampersand before the last author.
- Year of Publication: Place the year of publication in closed round brackets and place a full stop at the end of it.
- Title: Always underscore the title of the book or report. For the journal articles, the title of the journal itself is put in italics. The title of the article should be in

sentence case meaning only the first letter of the article and all proper names should be capitalized.

- **Source Details:** For books, include the publisher. For journal articles include the title of the journal in italics followed by the volume number in italics, issue number if available, and the page numbers. End with a period.
- **Consistency:** Ensure that all citations and annotations follow APA guidelines consistently. This includes correct punctuation, capitalization, and formatting.

### 3. Annotations

- Each annotation should be started on the new line right below the given citation.
- The first line of the annotation paragraph should be flush with the left margin, that is, it should not be indented. 5 inches.
- Every annotation should be a short paragraph with the length of 150-300 words, in general.
- To make annotation, just like the rest of the document, it should be double-spaced.

### 4. Content of Annotations

- **Purpose of the Work:** Shed light on why the work was done.
- **Summary of Content:** Provide a brief overview of the main points or arguments.
- **Author Information:** Ensure you include information about the author(s) of the article to help the reader relate with the author(s) such as their qualifications or experience.
- **Intended Audience:** Explain for whom the work was done.
- **Relevance to the Topic:** How the source relates to the research topic can also be written.
- **Paragraph Structure:** The annotation should be a single paragraph following the citation, indented 0.5 inches from the left margin (hanging indent). The paragraph should be double-spaced

### 5. Order of Entries

- Sort the entries in alphabetical order of the surnames of the first authors.
- If more than one work has been written by the same author, arrange them in order of the date of publication.

### 6. Writing Style and Tone:

- **Clarity:** Compose your work in a simple and succinct manner without the use of complex and unnecessary language. It is advisable to minimize the usage of technical terms and make the annotation easily understandable to the reader.
- **Objectivity:** This is especially important for the evaluation part; try to avoid using first or second person. Stress the aspects of the source which can be referred to as strong and weak with the help of examples.

### Example Entry:

**Doe, J. L. (2018). *The role of sustainable agriculture in combating climate change*. *Environmental Science & Policy*, 96, 58-66.**

*Doe's paper focuses on establishing the viability of sustainable agriculture in reducing the effects of climate change. In this paper, Doe discusses the practices like crop rotation, agroforestry, and organic farming and finds out how helpful they are in controlling the greenhouse gas emissions. The author of the paper is a professor of environmental science, which adds some authority to the work; the research done by the author is also backed by facts. This paper gives descriptions of each sustainable practice, the way they work, and the advantages of their application. Also, Doe presents a cross-cutting approach that addresses agricultural initiatives together with other climate change measures to demonstrate the diverse functions of agriculture in environmental management.*

*The findings of the study have implications for scholars and policy makers in the sphere of environmental management in view of the fact that the work provides useful information on the ways and means of putting into practical application sustainable farming practices. Thus, it can be noted that while the paper is replete with qualitative data, the use of more quantitative data could have been more effective in supporting the various arguments made. However, the addition of actual examples and case studies would have made the explanation of the methods' efficacy more tangible. However, there are some gaps identified in Doe's work; nevertheless, this study is a valuable addition to the literature on sustainable agriculture and climate change as it provides a detailed analysis of how agriculture can be transformed to address environmental issues.*

Thus, following these APA guidelines, you will be able to create a structured, informative, and professional annotated bibliography.

## Sample Annotated Bibliography APA

### Sample 1:

Taylor, M. (2022). *Global environmental policies: Challenges and solutions*. Cambridge University Press.

Margaret Taylor defines some of the international environmental policies and their efficacy. These include climate change, deforestation, and pollution whereby the author gives a detailed account of the policy measures put in place to address these problems. Taylor follows the development of these policies from historical societies to the current societies. The structure of the book is composed of several thematic chapters which are devoted to certain environmental issues and contain the descriptions of policy experiences and failures in various parts of the world. Taylor's work also describes the future problems and opportunities in the sphere of environmental policy.

## Sample 2:

Smith, J. A., & Johnson, L. B. (2023). The effects of climate change on urban water resources: A comprehensive review. *Journal of Environmental Studies*, 45(2), 123-145.  
<https://doi.org/10.1080/12345678.2023.1234567>

The paper by Smith and Johnson's is useful for contemplating the relationship between climate change and urban water management. The article is well-structured, it contains a good description of the state of research, and it offers a set of specific recommendations based on the findings of the study. The selection of case studies brings realism and shows concrete problems of urban water systems and their management. Still, it is possible to notice that the authors could have paid more attention to the methodological limitations of the included studies and the potential difficulties of applying the suggested strategies. However, although the article is based on a wide spectrum of the urban areas, the analysis of differential effects within various geographic contexts would be beneficial for the further understanding.

## Visual example

The image shows a page layout with several annotations in red text and arrows pointing to specific elements:

- 1 inch margin**: A vertical double-headed arrow indicates the margin at the top of the page.
- Centered and bolded**: An arrow points to the title "Annotated Bibliography" which is centered and bolded.
- Right-aligned page**: An arrow points to the page number "12" which is right-aligned and circled.
- 1st Citation**: An arrow points to the first citation: "Taylor, M. (2022). *Global environmental policies: Challenges and solutions*. Cambridge University Press."
- Annotation indented 0.5 space**: An arrow points to the start of the paragraph following the citation, which is indented.
- The entire page is double spaced**: An arrow points to the main body of text, indicating that the entire page is double-spaced.

The page content includes the following text:

**Annotated Bibliography**

Taylor, M. (2022). *Global environmental policies: Challenges and solutions*. Cambridge University Press.

Margaret Taylor defines some of the international environmental policies and their efficacy. These include climate change, deforestation, and pollution whereby the author gives a detailed account of the policy measures put in place to address these problems. Taylor follows the development of these policies from historical societies to the current societies. The structure of the book is composed of several thematic chapters which are devoted to certain environmental issues and contain the descriptions of policy experiences and failures in various parts of the world. Taylor's work also describes the future problems and opportunities in the sphere of environmental policy.

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## Frequently Asked Questions Regarding Annotated Bibliography APA

What is an annotated bibliography APA

An annotated bibliography APA is a list of sources that were used when developing a research paper and is formatted in APA style. Every reference is accompanied by an annotation, which is a short description of the source and the assessment of its relevance. This assists the readers on the significance and credibility of the sources used in the paper.

How an annotated bibliography should look

The document should be titled 'Annotated Bibliography', and the references should be in APA format, while the hanging indent option should be applied. Short and concrete summary/evaluation of the source is provided right under each citation used in the paper. In regard to the annotations, they should be typed in a double space as the rest of the text in the same font.

How long should an annotated bibliography be APA

Annotations usually should be between 100 and 300 words long, but this is relative to the particular assignment. The total amount of annotations depends on the number of sources and the degree of elaboration of each of them. The annotations should be short, but rather informative to cover the required amount of information.

What to include in annotated bibliography APA

Some of the things that should be included in annotated bibliography APA are; Insert the complete APA citation with the annotation part that highlights the intended audience, a brief description regarding the work's contents, and the author details. Furthermore, state the target group and the connection of this source to your subject. This is so because the kind of annotated bibliography that one is writing will definitely determine many of these details.